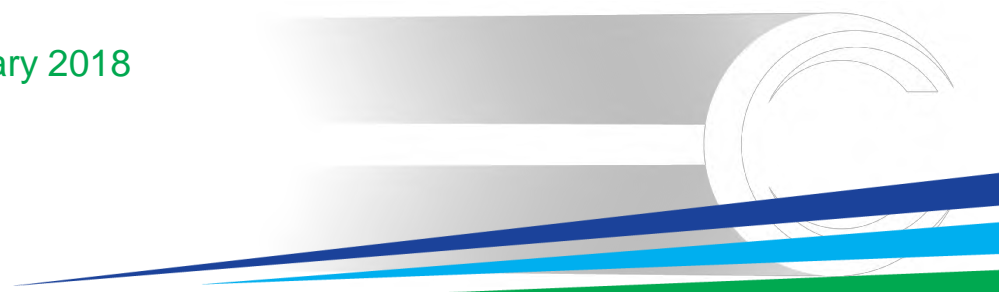


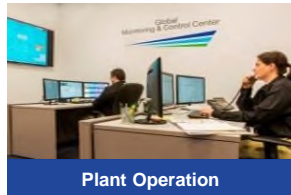


***Distributed Hydrogen with SureSource  
Hydrogen Trigeneration Systems***

February 2018



## Company



- Delivering clean innovative solutions for the global supply, recovery and storage of energy
- Corporate office, R&D and global service in Danbury, CT
- Manufacturing in Torrington, CT
- More than 50 installations, several hundred MW installed on 3 continents
- Produced >7 billion kWh's of ultra-clean power

## Markets

### Energy Generation

- Ultra-clean
- Affordable
- Enhances Resiliency
- Easily sited



### Carbon Capture

- Generates power while capturing CO<sub>2</sub>
- Affordable capture from coal and NG sources



### Distributed Hydrogen

- Generates power while producing H<sub>2</sub>
- Affordable, clean, local H<sub>2</sub> production

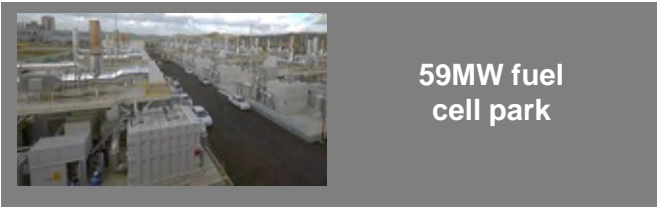
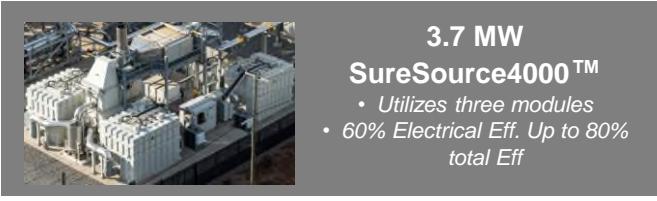
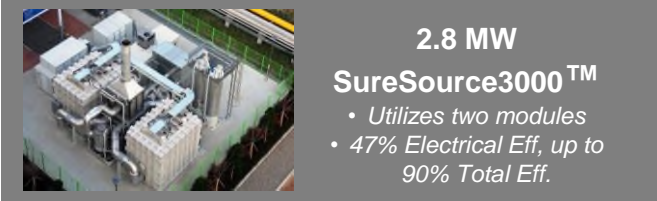
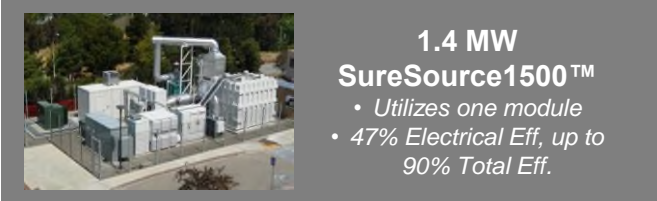


### Solid Oxide Based Power Generation, Electrolysis and Storage

- Efficient power generation, H<sub>2</sub> production, and hydrogen-based energy storage

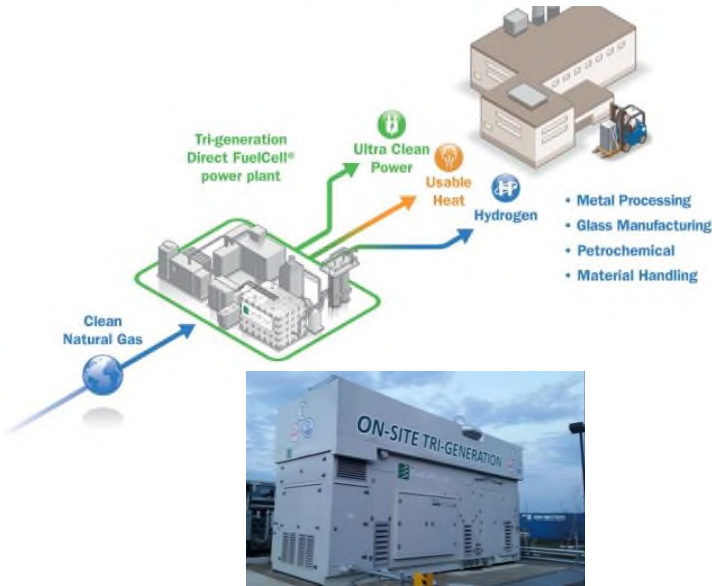


# FuelCell Power Generation Systems



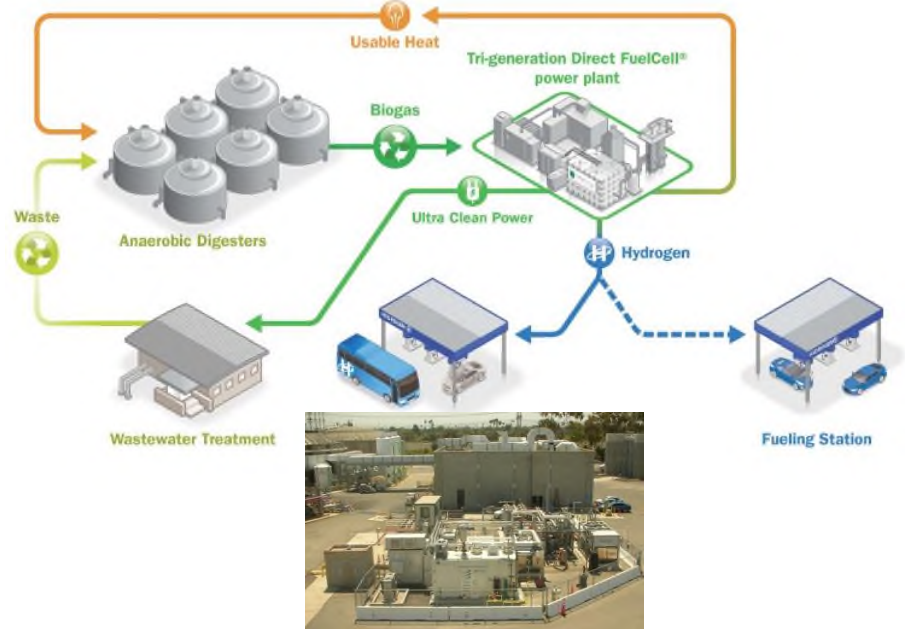
## Industrial Hydrogen

Affordable efficient hydrogen, heat and power systems



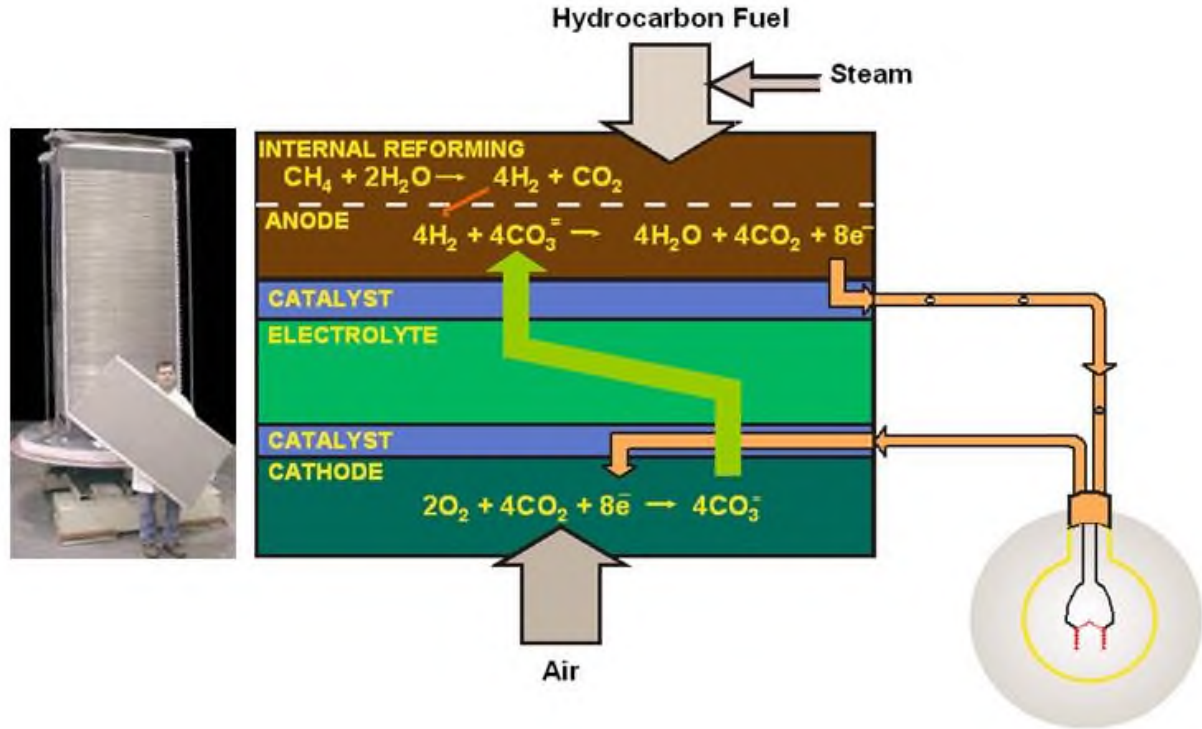
## Renewable Transportation Fuel

Affordable efficient hydrogen, heat and power systems



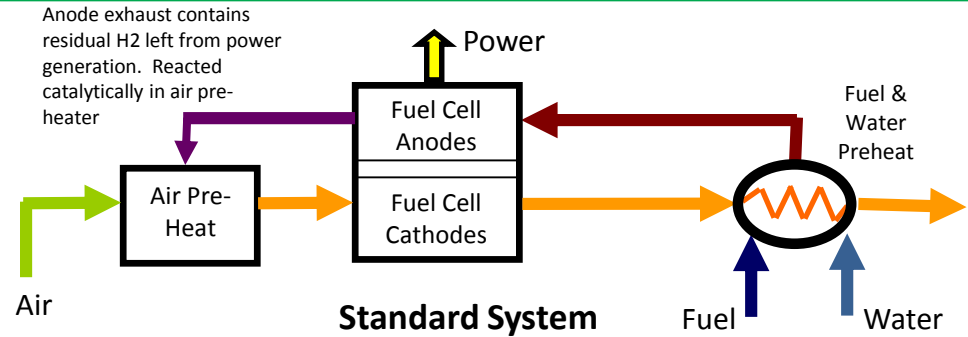
**Hydrogen is produced as byproduct of fuel cell process, efficiently and without water consumption**

- Internal reforming of methane to hydrogen
- Methane reforming heat is provided by fuel cell waste heat
- Methane reforming water is provide by fuel cell product water
- Electrochemical conversion of fuel to power is more efficient and avoids products of combustion emissions



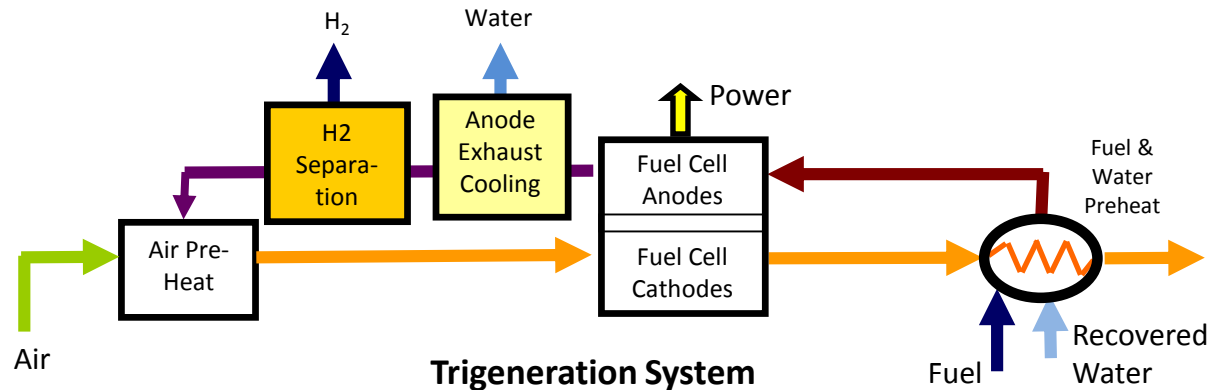
## Standard System:

- Natural gas or biogas fuel is efficiently converted to hydrogen inside fuel cell stack, using fuel cell waste heat
- Most H<sub>2</sub> used to produce power.
- Residual H<sub>2</sub> used to pre-heat fresh air



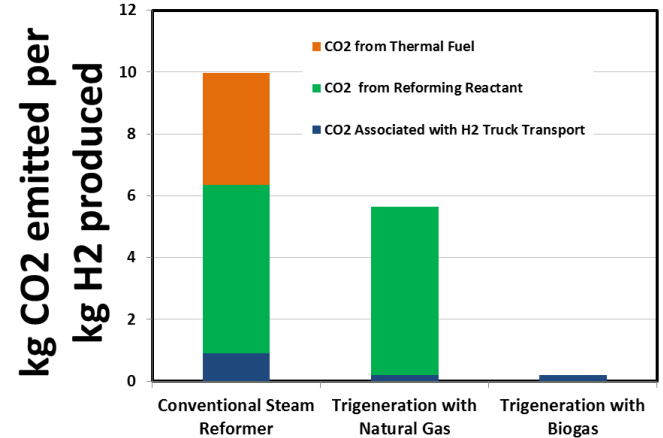
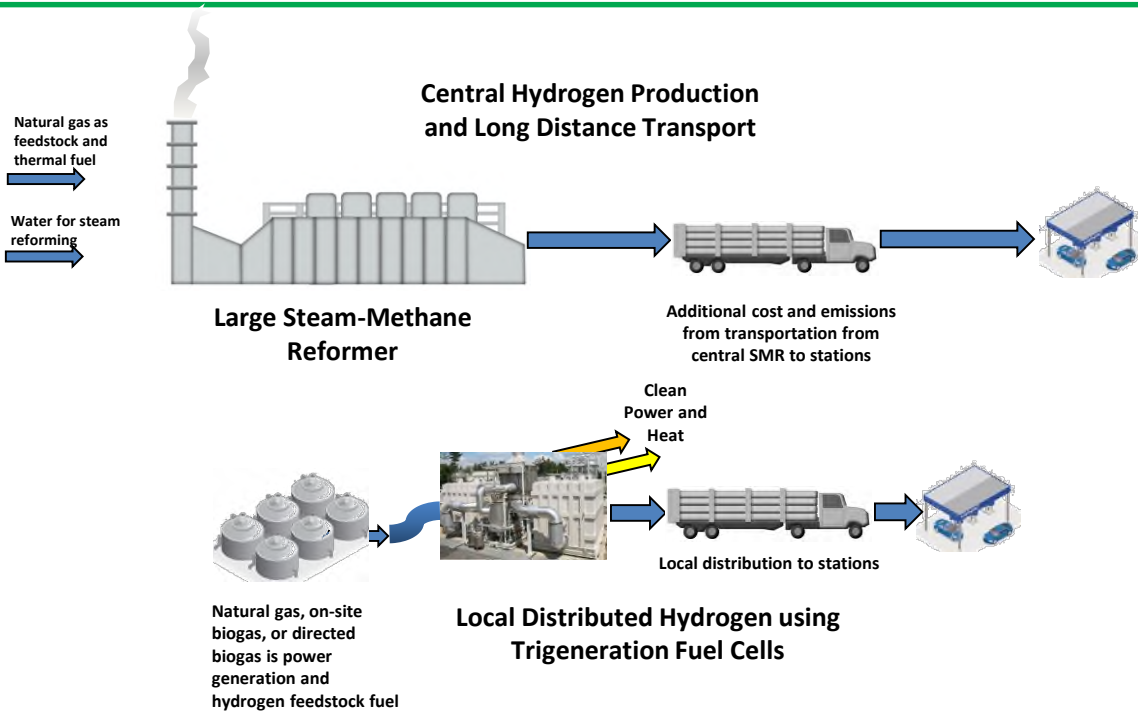
## Trigeneration System:

- Same process, but residual H<sub>2</sub> is extracted and purified for external use
- H<sub>2</sub> is produced very efficiency, using waste heat from fuel cell power generation, and water produced by anode reactions
- Air pre-heat done by heat exchange with exhaust gas
- Similar to CO<sub>2</sub> capture, but H<sub>2</sub> is extracted from anode exhaust instead of CO<sub>2</sub>



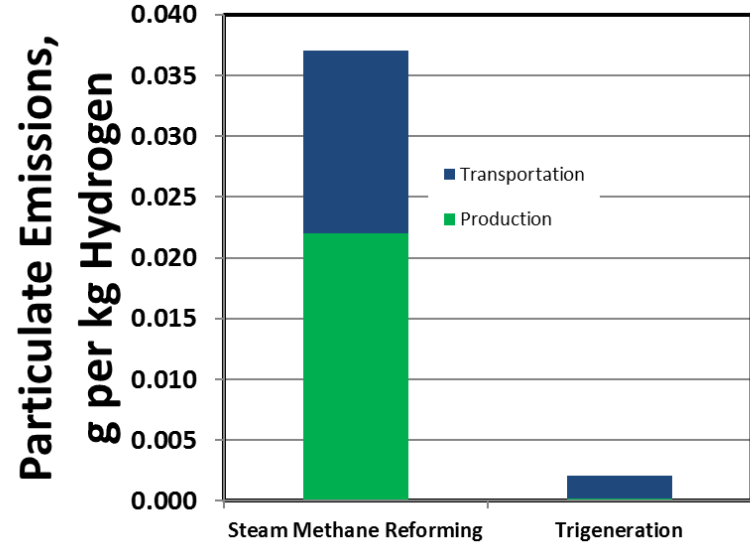
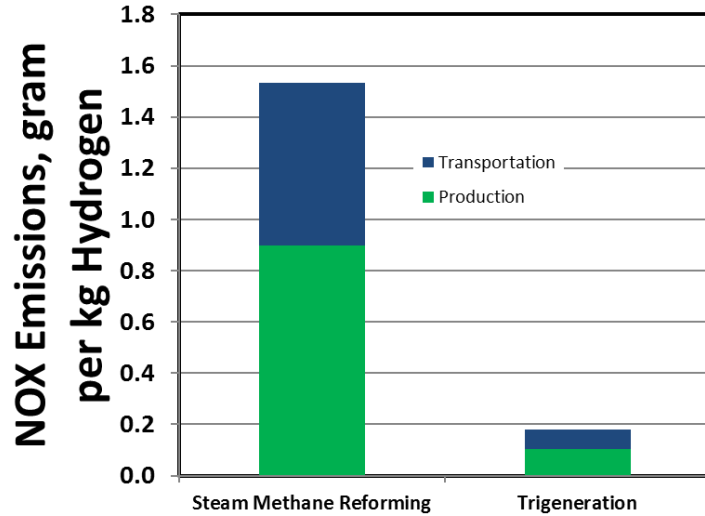
*Trigeneration is modification of standard SureSource system*

# Distributed Hydrogen Low Carbon Footprint



Comparison of CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions for Central SMR and Distributed Hydrogen

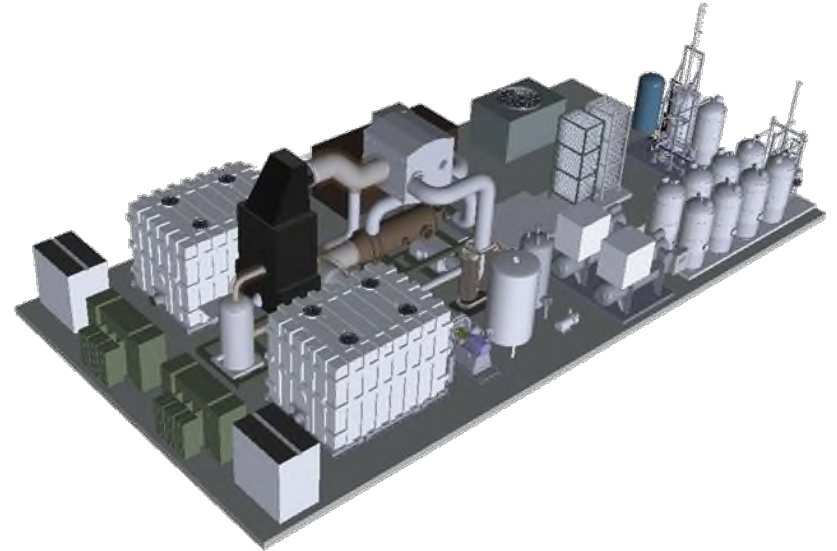
*Distributed Hydrogen Trigeneration systems produce hydrogen with fuel cell waste heat, avoids methane combustion and avoid cost & emissions of long distance truck transport*



***SureSource 1500 and 3000 power plants have achieved CARB DG Certification on Anaerobic Digester Gas under the California Distributed Generation Program 2013 Waste Gas Standards***



Power Output, kW	2,350
Hydrogen Production, kg/day	1,270
Vehicle emissions reductions:	
NOX reduction, tons/year	8.9
Particulate reduction, tons/year	1.8
GHG reduction, tons/year	6,200

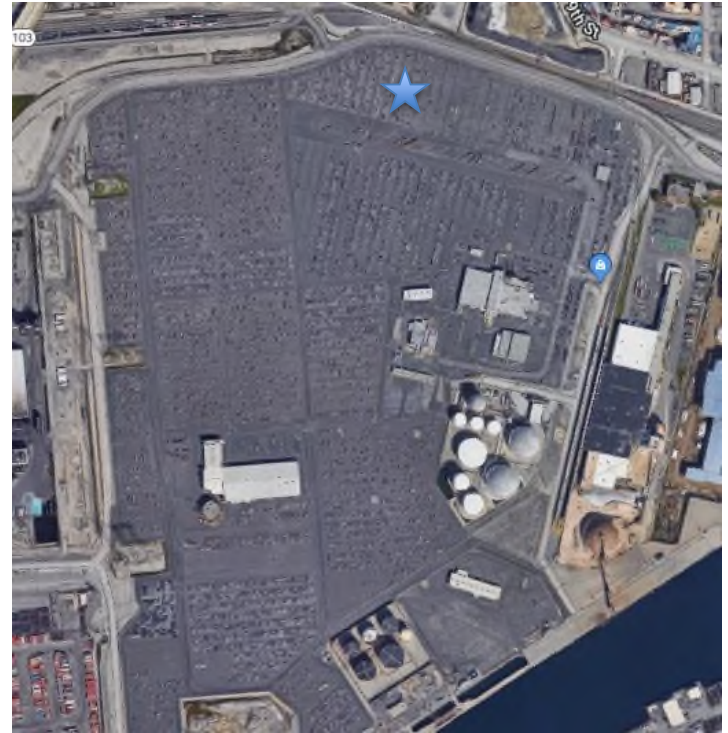


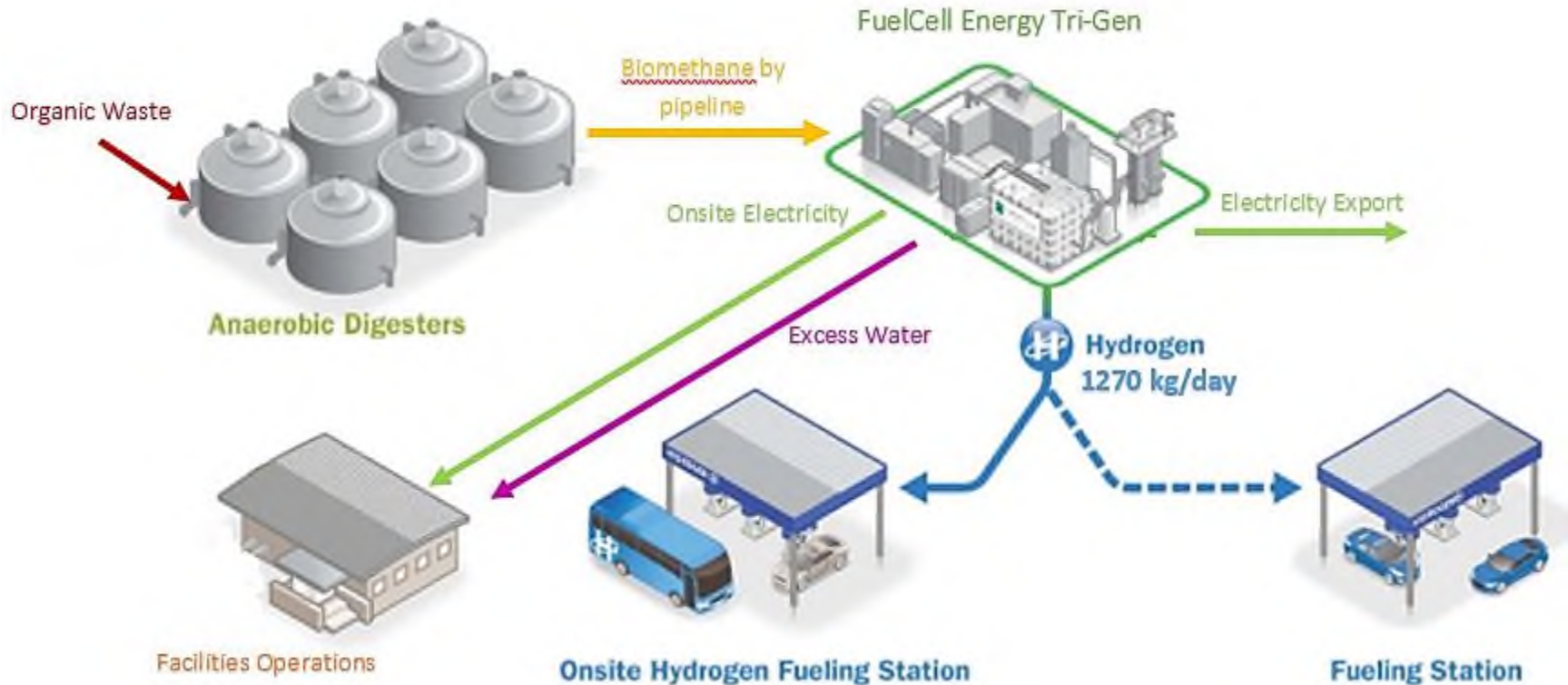
***Modification of SureSource 3000 Powerplant  
Produces enough hydrogen for ~1500 cars or 30 busses refilling a day  
Generates enough electricity for ~2,350 average-sized homes  
Emission reductions are vs standard cars - Additional reductions from clean power***

Toyota to Build the World's First Megawatt-scale 100% Renewable Power and Hydrogen Generation Station

*Tri-Gen will generate on-site hydrogen to supply Toyota Fuel Cell Vehicles, including Project Portal Heavy-Duty Truck Concept*

*Toyota Logistics Services at the Long Beach Port will become first Toyota facility in North America to use 100% Renewable Power*







*Thank you*

