SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT AND RELEASE

This Settlement Agreement and Release (Agreement) is entered into between the State of California Air Resources Board (CARB) with the principal location at 1001 I Street, Sacramento, California 95814; and Phillips 66 Company, (Phillips 66), with its principal place of business at 2331 CityWest Boulevard, Houston, Texas 77042 (collectively, the Parties).

This agreement settles notice of violation (NOV) F111116-PSXR-RPT. CARB issued this NOV to Phillips 66 on May 1, 2018, for alleged violations of the California Procedures for Evaluating Alternative Specifications for Phase 3 Reformulated Gasoline using the California Predictive Model; last amended August 24, 2012.

I. RECITALS

(1) California Health and Safety Code section 39003 assigns CARB with attaining and maintaining air quality standards.

(2) Title 13, California Code of Regulations, sections 2250-2273.5 establish standards and compliance requirements for motor vehicle fuels applicable to producers and importers of motor vehicle fuel in California (Cal. Code Regs., tit.13, §§ 2250-2273.5; hereinafter California Reformulated Gasoline (CaRFG) regulation).

(3) The standards and compliance requirements in the CaRFG regulation apply to all persons who sell, supply, or offer for sale, gasoline for motor vehicles in the State of California. (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 13, § 2261).


(5) For a final Blend starting to be sold or supplied from the production or import facility on or after October 9, 2012, the producer or importer shall evaluate the candidate PM alternative specifications for gasoline subject to the “California Procedures for Evaluating Alternative Specifications for Phase 3 Reformulated Gasoline Using the California Predictive Model”, last amended August 24, 2012 (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 13, § 2265(a)(1)(2)(A)(7).

(6) “Each sale of California gasoline at retail, and each dispensing of California gasoline into a motor vehicle fuel tank, shall also be deemed a sale or supply by any person who previously sold or supplied such gasoline in violation of any applicable sections of this subarticle.” (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 13, § 2268).
(7) Failure to comply with the requirements of the CaRFG regulation is a violation of state law resulting in penalties. Health and Safety Code section 43027, subdivision (c) states, "[a]ny person who violates any provision of this part, or any rule, regulation, permit, variance, or order of the state board, pertaining to fuel requirements and standards, exclusive of the documentation requirements specified in subdivision (d), is strictly liable for a civil penalty of not more than thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000)."

(8) Health and Safety Code section 43030, subdivision (a) states "[f]or the penalties prescribed in sections 43027 and 43028, each day during any portion of which a violation occurs is a separate offense."

(9) Health and Safety Code section 43031 subdivision (b) states "[i]n determining the penalty amount, the state board shall take into consideration all relevant circumstances, including, but not limited to the: (1) Extent of harm to public health, safety, and welfare caused by the violation; (2) Nature and persistence of the violation, including the magnitude of the excess emissions; (3) Compliance history of the defendant, including the frequency of past violations; (4) Preventive efforts taken by the defendant, including the record of maintenance and any program to ensure compliance; (5) Innovative nature and the magnitude of the effort required to comply, and the accuracy, reproducibility, and repeatability of the available test methods; (6) Efforts to attain, or provide for, compliance; (7) Cooperation of the defendant during the course of the investigation and any action taken by the defendant, including the nature, extent, and time of response of any action taken to mitigate the violation; and (8) For a person who owns a single retail service station, the size of the business."

(10) CARB alleges in NOV F111116-PSXR-RPT that between November 11, 2016 and December 14, 2016, Phillips 66 sold, offered for sale, supplied, offered for supply, and/or transported CARBOB that failed to meet the criteria for approval in the California Procedures for Evaluating Alternative Specifications for Phase 3 Reformulated Gasoline Using the California Predictive Model; last amended August 24, 2012 for a total of eight violations. CARB has removed the forty-seven violations of section 2265(b) and eight violations of section 2268 alleged in NOV F111116-PSXR-RPT since the lab results and the revised Predictive Model submitted by Phillips 66 PASSES another Predictive Model. Therefore, the fuel was a complying fuel with no excess of emissions.

(11) CARB alleges that the sale, offer for sale, supply, and/or transportation of non-complying CARBOB was unlawful and in violation of CaRFG regulation sections 2261, 2265, 2266.5, and 2268.

(12) Phillips 66 admits the facts described in recital paragraphs (1) through (11), but denies any liability resulting from said allegations. Phillips 66 has cooperated in CARB's investigation of the allegations described herein.
(13) In consideration of the foregoing, and of the promises and facts set forth herein, the Parties desire to settle and resolve all claims, disputes, and obligations relating to the above-listed alleged violations and voluntarily agree to resolve this matter by means of this Agreement. In order to resolve the violations described herein, Phillips 66 has taken, or agrees to take, the actions enumerated below within the Terms and Conditions. Further, CARB accepts this Agreement in termination and settlement of this matter.

II. TERMS AND RELEASE

In consideration of CARB not filing a legal action against Phillips 66 for the alleged violations referred to above, and in consideration of the terms set out below, and Phillips 66's payment of the penalty set forth in section (1) below, CARB and Phillips 66 agree as follows:

(1) Phillips 66 has agreed to pay the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000.00) as a penalty for (NOV) F111116-PSXR-RPT.

(2) Phillips 66 shall pay the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000) no later than 15 days after CARB delivers a fully-executed version of Agreement to Phillips 66. Payment shall be made in check form as described below:

- $150,000.00 payable to the California Air Pollution Control Fund,

Phillips 66 shall send the payment along with the attached "Settlement Agreement Payment Transmittal Form" (Attachment A) to:

California Air Resources Board
Accounting Office
P.O. Box 1436
Sacramento, California 95812-1436

(3) In addition, if the Attorney General files a civil action to enforce this settlement agreement against Phillips 66, Phillips 66 shall pay all costs of investigating and prosecuting the action, including experts fees, reasonable attorney's fees, and costs, if and when the attorney general is deemed to be a prevailing party by a court or competent jurisdiction.

(4) Phillips 66 has demonstrated to the satisfaction of CARB that the alleged violations have been corrected.

(5) Phillips 66 shall not violate any provision of the CaRFG regulation. Any future repeat violations may result in an increased penalty amount.
(6) Now therefore, in consideration of the payment from Phillips 66 to the Air Pollution Control Fund, CARB hereby releases Phillips 66 and its principals, officers, employees, agents, predecessors and successors from claims for violations of the CaRFG regulation alleged in paragraphs (1) through (11) of the Recitals.

III. GENERAL PROVISIONS

(1) This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement and understanding between CARB and Phillips 66 concerning the subject matter hereof, and supersedes and replaces any and all prior negotiations and agreements of any kind of nature, whether written or oral, between CARB and Phillips 66 concerning the subject matter hereof.

The payment obligation under section II(2) shall apply to and be binding upon Phillips 66 and its successors and assignees, if any.

(2) The release obligations under section II(6) shall be binding upon CARB and any successor agency that may have responsibility for and jurisdiction over the subject matter of this Agreement.

(3) The terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement shall remain valid and enforceable notwithstanding any future violations that may occur.

(4) The effective date of this Agreement shall be the date of the last signatory.

(5) No agreement to modify, amend, extend, supersede, terminate, or discharge this Agreement, or any portion thereof, is valid or enforceable unless it is in writing and signed by all Parties to this Agreement.

(6) Each provision of this Agreement is severable, and in the event that any provision of this Agreement is held to be illegal, invalid or unenforceable in any jurisdiction, the remainder of this Agreement remains in full force and effect.

(7) The headings in this Agreement are not binding and are for reference only and do not limit, expand, or otherwise affect the contents of this Agreement.

(8) This Agreement shall be interpreted and enforced in accordance with the laws of the State of California, without regard to California's choice-of-law rules.

(9) It is further agreed that the stipulated penalties described in this Agreement are non-dischargeable under United States Code, title 11, section 523(a)(7).

(10) This Agreement is deemed to have been drafted equally by the Parties; it will not be interpreted for or against either Party on the ground that said party drafted it.
(11) The failure of any Party to enforce any provision of this Agreement shall not be construed as a waiver of any such provision, nor prevent such Party thereafter from enforcing such provision or any other provision of this Agreement. The rights and remedies granted all Parties herein are cumulative and the election of one right or remedy by a Party shall not constitute a waiver of such Party’s right to assert all other legal remedies available under this Agreement or otherwise provided by law.

(12) Each of the undersigned represents and warrants that he or she has full authority to enter into this Agreement.

IV. PENALTY DETERMINATION

(1) Pursuant to Health and Safety Code section 39619.7, CARB must provide information on the basis for the penalty it seeks. This information is provided throughout this settlement agreement and summarized below.

The manner in which the penalty amount was determined, including a per unit or per vehicle penalty.

Penalties must be set at levels sufficient to discourage violations. The penalties in this matter were determined in consideration of all relevant circumstances, including the eight factors specified in Health and Safety Code section 43031, subdivision (b).

The per unit penalty in the case of NOV F111116-PSXR-RPT is a maximum of $35,000 per day per strict liability violation. CARB alleges that Phillips 66 put into commerce eight blends of non-complying CARBOB. The penalty obtained in this case is $18,750.00 per violation. The lower penalty reflects the consideration of a number of facts, including: that this was an unintentional violation, no harm to public health and no economic benefit, and Phillips 66’s diligent efforts to comply and to cooperate with the investigation.

The provision of law the penalty is being assessed under and why that provision is most appropriate for that violation.

CARB alleges that the penalty provisions being applied in this case, Health and Safety Code sections 43027 and 43030 are appropriate because Phillips 66 allegedly sold, offered for sale, supplied, or offered for supply and/or transported CARBOB in California in violation of California Code of Regulations, title 13, sections 2250-2273.5.
Is the penalty being assessed under a provision of law that prohibits the emission of pollution at a specified level, and, if so a quantification of excess emissions, if it is practicable to do so.

The provisions cited above do not prohibit emissions above a specified level.

(2) Phillips 66 acknowledges that CARB has complied with Health and Safety Code section 39619.7 in prosecuting or settling this case. Specifically, CARB has considered all relevant facts, including those listed at Health and Safety Code section 43031, and has explained the manner in which the penalty amount was calculated and identified the provision of law under which the penalty is being assessed.

(3) Penalties were determined based on the unique circumstances of this matter, considered together with the need to remove any economic benefit from noncompliance, the goal of deterring future violations and obtaining swift compliance, the consideration of past penalties in similar case negotiations, and the potential costs and risk associated with litigating these particular violations. The penalty reflects violations extending over a number of days considered together with the complete circumstances of this case. Penalties in future cases might be smaller or larger on a per unit basis.

(4) The penalty in this case was based in part on confidential business information provided by Phillips 66 that is not retained by CARB in the ordinary course of business. The penalty in this case was also based on confidential settlement communications between CARB and Phillips 66 that CARB does not retain in the ordinary course of business. The penalty also reflects CARB’s assessment of the relative strength of its case against Phillips 66, the desire to avoid the uncertainty, burden and expense of litigation, to obtain swift compliance with the law and remove any unfair advantage that Phillips 66 may have secured from its actions.

V. STIPULATED CONSENT JUDGMENT

(1) The Parties stipulate to the entry of a Consent Judgment if Phillips 66 defaults on any of the terms and conditions of this Agreement and hereby waives the right to challenge the Consent Judgment or its terms. Before declaring a default of the terms and conditions of this Agreement, CARB will first provide Phillips 66 10 calendar days written notice of the claimed default and request to cure.

(2) The Consent Judgment does not constitute evidence of an admission by Phillips 66 regarding any issue of law or fact alleged in the Agreement but sets forth the
obligations of **Phillips 66** and constitutes the complete, final, and exclusive agreement between CARB and **Phillips 66**.

(3) CARB expressly reserves the right to bring an enforcement action based on violations of law not covered in this Agreement and to seek whatever fines, penalties, or remedies provided by law, including injunctive relief.

(4) In the event CARB seeks Consent Judgement based on **Phillips 66**'s default under this Agreement, the Parties agree to the following:

a. Superior Court of California, County of Sacramento (Court) has jurisdiction over the Parties and to the subject matter of this action;

b. Venue is proper in this Court;

c. The Court has personal jurisdiction over **Phillips 66** for purposes of enforcing the terms of the Consent Judgment; and

d. The obligations under this Agreement shall be deemed the terms and conditions of the Consent Judgment.
ACKNOWLEDGED AND ACCEPTED BY:

California Air Resources Board

Dated: 2/1/2019 By: [Signature]
Printed Name: Mr. Richard W. Corey
Title: Executive Officer

Phillips 66 Company

Dated: 1/29/2019 By: [Signature]
Printed Name: Mike Bodziak
Title: Business Optimization Manager