

Replacement of a 1985 agricultural tractor

A farmer proposes to replace an uncontrolled 1985 175 hp agricultural tractor with a new 175 hp Tier 3 agricultural tractor. The new equipment will cost \$100,000. This equipment operates 1000 hours per year, 100 percent of the time in California. A Level 3 diesel particulate filter has been verified for use on the engine and has a cost of \$25,000. There are no available repowers for this specific equipment, so the applicant is eligible for up to 80 percent of the new equipment cost. This equipment is eligible for a project life of 5 years.

Baseline Technology Information:

- Engine (application): 1985 Model Year
- HP (application): 175
- Hours of operation (application): 1000
- Load factor (Table B-11): 0.70
- Emission factors (Table B-12): 10.23 g/bhp-hr NO_x; 1.06 g/bhp-hr ROG; 0.396 g/bhp-hr PM₁₀

Reduced Technology Information:

- Engine: Tier 3 (ARB executive order)
- HP (application): 175
- Hours of operation (application): 1000
- Cost of new engine (quote provided with application): \$100,000
- Equipment replacement is eligible for up to 80 percent of the new equipment cost.
- Load factor (Table B-11): 0.70
- Emission factors (Table B-13): 2.32 g/bhp-hr NO_x; 0.12 g/bhp-hr ROG; 0.112 g/bhp-hr PM₁₀
- Percent operating in California (application): 100 percent
- Retrofit: Level 3 verified reductions: 85 percent PM₁₀
- Retrofits are eligible for up to 100% of total cost.
- Cost of retrofit (quote provided with application): \$25,000

Emission Reduction Calculations:

Formula C-4: Estimated Annual Emissions based on Hours of Operation (tons/yr)

1. Annual NO_x baseline technology emissions
 $10.23 \text{ g/bhp-hr} * 175 \text{ hp} * 0.70 * 1000 \text{ hr} * (\text{ton}/907,200 \text{ g}) = 1.38 \text{ tons/yr NO}_x$
2. Annual NO_x reduced technology emissions
 $2.32 \text{ g/bhp-hr} * 175 \text{ hp} * 0.70 * 1000 \text{ hr} * (\text{ton}/907,200 \text{ g}) = 0.31 \text{ tons/yr NO}_x$
3. Annual ROG baseline technology emissions
 $1.06 \text{ g/bhp-hr} * 175 \text{ hp} * 0.70 * 1000 \text{ hr} * (\text{ton}/907,200 \text{ g}) = 0.14 \text{ tons/yr ROG}$
4. Annual ROG reduced technology emissions
 $0.12 \text{ g/bhp-hr} * 175 \text{ hp} * 0.70 * 1000 \text{ hr} * (\text{ton}/907,200 \text{ g}) = 0.02 \text{ tons/yr ROG}$
5. Annual PM₁₀ baseline technology emissions
 $0.396 \text{ g/bhp-hr} * 175 \text{ hp} * 0.70 * 1000 \text{ hr} * (\text{ton}/907,200 \text{ g}) = 0.053 \text{ tons/yr PM}_{10}$
6. Annual PM₁₀ reduced technology emissions
 $0.112 \text{ g/bhp-hr} * 175 \text{ hp} * 0.70 * 1000 \text{ hr} * (\text{ton}/907,200 \text{ g}) = 0.015 \text{ tons/yr PM}_{10}$

Formula C-10: Annual Surplus Emission Reductions by Pollutant (tons/yr) for Repowers and New Purchases

- Emission benefits NOx = 1.38 tons/yr - 0.31 tons/yr = 1.07 tons/yr NOx
- Emission benefits ROG = 0.14 tons/yr - 0.02 tons/yr = 0.12 tons/yr ROG
- Emission benefits PM10 = 0.053 tons/yr - 0.015 tons/yr = 0.038 tons/yr PM10

Formula C-11: Annual Surplus Emission Reductions by Pollutant (tons/yr) for Retrofits
0.015 tons/yr PM10 * 0.85 = 0.013 tons/yr PM10

Total PM10 Emission Benefits
0.038 tons/yr + 0.013 tons/yr = 0.051 tons/yr PM10

Formula C-2: Annual Weighted Surplus Emission Reductions
1.07 tons/yr + 0.12 tons/yr + 20(0.051 tons/yr) = 2.21 weighted tons/yr

Annualized Cost:

Project Life: 5 years
CRF (Table B-1): = 0.225

Formula C-14: Incremental Cost
(\$100,000 * 80 percent) + (\$25,000 * 100 percent) = \$105,000

Formula C-12: Annualized Cost
0.225 * \$105,000 = \$23,625

Cost-Effectiveness:

Formula C-1: Cost-Effectiveness of Weighted Surplus Emission Reductions (\$/ton)
(\$23,625/yr)/(2.21 weighted tons/yr)
= \$10,690/tons of weighted surplus emissions reduced

The cost-effectiveness for the example is less than \$16,000 per ton of pollutants reduced. This project qualifies for up to \$105,000 in grant funds requested.