

Appendix A

PROPOSED REGULATION ORDER **Title 13 California Code of Regulations**

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Set forth below are the proposed amendments to title 13 of the California Code of Regulations. Amendments proposed and subject to comment in this rulemaking are shown in underline to indicate additions and ~~strikeout~~ to indicate deletions.

Amendments to these regulations that were adopted by the Board on May 28, 2009 as part of a rulemaking for plug-in hybrid electric vehicles, but which have not yet been approved by the Office of Administrative Law are indicated in dotted underline to indicate additions and ~~*italics double strikeout*~~ to indicate deletions. The dotted underline and ~~*italics double strikeout*~~ text is presented for context and completeness only and is not subject to comment in this proposal. Subsections for which no changes are proposed in this rulemaking are indicated with [No change.]

§ 1961. Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures - 2004 and Subsequent Model Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Trucks, and Medium-Duty Vehicles.

Introduction. [No change.]

Sections (a) through (c). [No change.]

(d) *Test Procedures.* The certification requirements and test procedures for determining compliance with the emission standards in this section are set forth in the “California Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures for 2001 and Subsequent Model Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Trucks, and Medium-Duty Vehicles,” as amended ~~May 2, 2008~~ [insert date of amendment for the plug-in hybrid electric vehicle rulemaking] [insert date of amendment for this rulemaking], and the “California Non-Methane Organic Gas Test Procedures,” as amended July 30, 2002, which are incorporated herein by reference. In the case of hybrid electric vehicles and on-board fuel-fired heaters, the certification requirements and test procedures for determining compliance with the emission standards in this section are set forth in the “California Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures for 2005 ~~and Subsequent~~ through 2008 Model Zero-Emission Vehicles, and 2001 ~~and Subsequent~~ through 2008 Model Hybrid Electric Vehicles, in the Passenger Car, Light-Duty Truck and Medium-Duty Vehicle Classes,” incorporated by reference in section 1962 and the “California Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures for 2009 and Subsequent Model Zero-Emission Vehicles and Hybrid Electric Vehicles, in the Passenger Car, Light-Duty Truck and Medium-Duty Vehicle Classes.” incorporated by reference in section 1962.1.

(e) *Abbreviations.* [No change.]

Note: Authority cited: Sections 39500, 39600, 39601, 43013, 43018, 43101, 43104 and 43105, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Sections 39002, 39003, 39667, 43000, 43009.5, 43013, 43018, 43100, 43101, 43101.5, 43102, 43104, 43105, 43106, 43204, and 43205, Health and Safety Code.

§ 1961.1. Greenhouse Gas Exhaust Emission Standards and Test Procedures - 2009 and Subsequent Model Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Trucks, and Medium-Duty Vehicles.

(a) *Greenhouse Gas Emission Requirements.* The greenhouse gas emission levels from new 2009 and subsequent model year passenger cars, light-duty trucks, and medium-duty passenger vehicles shall not exceed the following requirements. Light-duty trucks from 3751 lbs. LVW – 8500 lbs. GVW that are certified to the Option 1 LEV II NOx Standard in section 1961(a)(1) are exempt from these greenhouse gas emission requirements, however, passenger cars, light-duty trucks 0-3750 lbs. LVW, and medium-duty passenger vehicles are not eligible for this exemption.

(1) *Fleet Average Greenhouse Gas Requirements for Passenger Cars, Light-Duty Trucks, and Medium-Duty Passenger Vehicles.*

(A) The fleet average greenhouse gas exhaust mass emission values from passenger cars, light-duty trucks, and medium-duty passenger vehicles that are produced and delivered for sale in California each model year by a large volume manufacturer shall not exceed:

| FLEET AVERAGE GREENHOUSE GAS EXHAUST MASS EMISSION REQUIREMENTS FOR PASSENGER CAR, LIGHT-DUTY TRUCK, AND MEDIUM-DUTY PASSENGER VEHICLE WEIGHT CLASSES¹ (4,000 mile Durability Vehicle Basis) | | |
|---|--|--|
| <i>Model Year</i> | <i>Fleet Average Greenhouse Gas Emissions</i> <i>(grams per mile CO₂-equivalent)</i> | |
| | <i>All PCs; LDTs 0-3750 lbs. LVW</i> | <i>LDTs 3751 lbs. LVW - 8500 lbs. GVW; MDPVs</i> |
| 2009 | 323 | 439 |
| 2010 | 301 | 420 |
| 2011 | 267 | 390 |
| 2012 | 233 | 361 |
| 2013 | 227 | 355 |
| 2014 | 222 | 350 |
| 2015 | 213 | 341 |
| 2016+ | 205 | 332 |

¹ Each manufacturer shall demonstrate compliance with these values in accordance with section 1961.1(a)(1)(B).

1. For each model year, a manufacturer must demonstrate compliance with the fleet average requirements in this section 1961.1(a)(1)(A) based on one of two options applicable throughout the model year, either:

Option 1: the total number of passenger cars, light-duty trucks, and medium-duty passenger vehicles that are certified to the California exhaust emission standards in this section 1961.1, and are produced and delivered for sale in California;
or

Option 2: the total number of passenger cars, light-duty trucks, and medium-duty passenger vehicles that are certified to the California exhaust emission standards in this section 1961.1, and are produced and delivered for sale in California, the District of Columbia, and all states that have adopted California's greenhouse gas emission standards for that model year pursuant to Section 177 of the federal Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. § 7507).

a. For the 2009 and 2010 model years, a manufacturer that selects compliance Option 2 must notify the Executive Officer of that selection, in writing, within 30 days of the effective date of the amendments to this section (a)(1)(A)1 or must comply with Option 1.

b. For the 2011 and later model years, a manufacturer that selects compliance Option 2 must notify the Executive Officer of that selection, in writing, prior to the start of the applicable model year or must comply with Option 1.

c. When a manufacturer is demonstrating compliance using Option 2 for a given model year, the term “in California” as used in subsections 1961.1(a)(1)(B)3. and 1961.1(b) means California, the District of Columbia, and all states that have adopted California’s greenhouse gas emission standards for that model year pursuant to Section 177 of the federal Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. § 7507).

d. A manufacturer that selects compliance Option 2 must provide to the Executive Officer production, delivery, and sales values separately for the District of Columbia and for each individual state within the average.

(B) *Calculation of Fleet Average Greenhouse Gas Value.*

1. *Basic Calculation.*

a. Each manufacturer shall calculate both a “city” grams per mile average CO₂-equivalent value for each GHG vehicle test group and a “highway” grams per mile average CO₂-equivalent value for each GHG vehicle test group, including vehicles certified in accordance with section 1960.5 and vehicles certified in accordance with section 1961(a)(14), using the following formula. Greenhouse Gas emissions used for the “city” CO₂-equivalent value calculation shall be measured using the “FTP” test cycle (40 CFR, Part 86, Subpart B). Greenhouse Gas emissions used for the “highway” CO₂-equivalent value calculation shall be based on emissions measured using the Highway Test Procedures.

$$\text{CO}_2\text{-Equivalent Value} = \text{CO}_2 + 296 \times \text{N}_2\text{O} + 23 \times \text{CH}_4 - \text{A/C Direct Emissions Allowance} - \text{A/C Indirect Emissions Allowance}$$

A manufacturer may use N₂O = 0.006 grams per mile in lieu of measuring N₂O exhaust emissions. A manufacturer that elects to use CAFE Program emissions data to demonstrate compliance with the greenhouse requirements may substitute the term 1.9 CO₂-equivalent grams per mile for the terms “296 x N₂O + 23 x CH₄” in this equation.

b. *A/C Direct Emissions Allowance.* A manufacturer may use the following A/C Direct Emission Allowances, upon approval of the Executive Officer, if that manufacturer demonstrates that the following requirements are met. Such demonstration shall include specifications of the components used and an engineering evaluation that verifies the estimated lifetime emissions from the components and the system. A manufacturer shall also provide confirmation that the number of fittings and joints has been minimized and components have been optimized to minimize leakage. No A/C Direct Emissions Allowance is permitted if the following requirements are not met.

Sections (a)(1)(B)1.b.i. through (a)(1)(B)1.b.iii.. [No change.]

iv. A manufacturer that elects to use CAFE Program emissions data to demonstrate compliance with the greenhouse requirements shall calculate the A/C Direct Emissions Allowance for each Vehicle Configuration by calculating the A/C Direct Emissions Allowance for each air conditioning system used in that Vehicle Configuration and calculating a sales-weighted average for that Vehicle Configuration.

c. *A/C Indirect Emissions Allowance.* A manufacturer may use the following A/C Indirect Emissions Allowances, upon approval of the Executive Officer, if the manufacturer demonstrates using data or an engineering evaluation that the air conditioning system meets the following requirements. A manufacturer may use the following A/C Indirect Emissions Allowances for other technologies, upon approval of the Executive Officer, if that manufacturer demonstrates that the air conditioning system achieves equal or greater CO₂-equivalent grams per mile emissions reductions.

Sections (a)(1)(B)1.c.i. through (a)(1)(B)1.c.iii.. [No change.]

iv. A manufacturer that elects to use CAFE Program emissions data to demonstrate compliance with the greenhouse requirements shall calculate the A/C Indirect Emissions Allowance for each Vehicle Configuration by calculating the A/C Indirect Emissions Allowance for each air conditioning system used in that Vehicle Configuration and calculating a sales-weighted average for that Vehicle Configuration.

Sections (a)(1)(B)1.d. through (a)(1)(D). [No change.]

(b) *Calculation of Greenhouse Gas Credits/Debits.*

Sections (b)(1) and (b)(2). [No change.]

(3) *Procedure for Offsetting Greenhouse Gas Debits.*

(A) A manufacturer shall equalize Greenhouse Gas emission debits by earning g/mi Greenhouse Gas emission credits in an amount equal to the g/mi Greenhouse Gas debits, or by submitting a commensurate amount of g/mi Greenhouse Gas credits to the Executive Officer that were earned previously or acquired from another manufacturer. A manufacturer shall equalize Greenhouse Gas debits for PCs, LDTs, and MDPVs within five model years after they are earned. If emission debits are

not equalized within the specified time period, the manufacturer shall be subject to the Health and Safety Code section 43211 civil penalty applicable to a manufacturer which sells a new motor vehicle that does not meet the applicable emission standards adopted by the state board. The cause of action shall be deemed to accrue when the emission debits are not equalized by the end of the specified time period. For a manufacturer demonstrating compliance under Option 2 in subsection 1961.1(a)(1)(A)1., the emission debits that are subject to a civil penalty under Health and Safety Code section 43211 shall be calculated separately for California, the District of Columbia, and each individual state that is included in the fleet average greenhouse gas requirements in subsection 1961.1(a)(1)(A)1. These emission debits shall be calculated for each individual state using the formula in subsections 1961.1(b)(1)(B) and 1961.1(b)(2), except that the "Total No. of Vehicles Produced and Delivered for Sale in California, including ZEVs and HEVs" shall be calculated separately for the District of Columbia and each individual state.

For the purposes of Health and Safety Code section 43211, the number of passenger cars and LDT1s not meeting the state board's emission standards shall be determined by dividing the total amount of g/mi Greenhouse Gas emission debits for the model year calculated for California by the g/mi Greenhouse Gas fleet average requirement for PCs and LDTs 0 3750 lbs. LVW applicable for the model year in which the debits were first incurred. For the purposes of Health and Safety Code section 43211, the number of LDT2s and MDPVs not meeting the state board's emission standards shall be determined by dividing the total amount of g/mi Greenhouse Gas emission debits for the model year by the g/mi Greenhouse Gas fleet average requirement for LDTs 3751 lbs. LVW – 8500 lbs. GVW and MDPVs applicable for the model year in which the debits were first incurred.

Sections (b)(3)(B) through (g). [No change.]

Note: Authority cited: Sections 39500, 39600, 39601, 43013, 43018, 43018.5, 43101, 43104 and 43105, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Sections 39002, 39003, 39667, 43000, 43009.5, 43013, 43018, 43018.5, 43100, 43101, 43101.5, 43102, 43104, 43105, 43106, 43204, 43205, and 43211, Health and Safety Code.